

Vendor Manual

Effective October 1, 2015

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INTRODUCTION

The Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) was established by federal law in 1972. It is designed to improve the nutritional status of eligible persons. The Program began in Indiana in 1974. WIC services are available statewide.

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) provides funds to the Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH) to administer the WIC Program. The ISDH contracts with qualified local agencies to provide WIC services in their communities.

WIC provides services to pregnant women, postpartum women, breastfeeding women, infants, and children up to age five. By helping provide proper nutrition at the beginning of life, WIC seeks to prevent serious health problems that can last a lifetime. WIC helps to provide children a better chance to grow up healthy, perform better in school, and lead more active and productive lives.

The WIC participants you will be serving have been evaluated by health professionals and have been found to have a special need for WIC foods. WIC foods are specifically prescribed for each WIC participant, so it is mandatory that no substitutes be allowed.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture prohibits discrimination against its customers, employees, and applicants for employment on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, gender identity, religion, reprisal, and where applicable, political beliefs, marital status, familial or parental status, sexual orientation, or all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program, or protected genetic information in employment or in any program or activity conducted or funded by the Department. (Not all prohibited basis will apply to all programs and/or employment activities.)

If you wish to file a Civil Rights program complaint of discrimination, complete the <u>USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form</u>, found online at

http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint filing cust.html, or at any USDA office, or call (866) 632-9992 to request the form. You may also write a letter containing all of the information requested in the form. Send your completed complaint form or letter to us by mail at U.S. Department of Agriculture, Director, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410, by fax (202) 690-7442 or email at program.intake@usda.gov.

Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech disabilities may contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339; or (800) 845-6136 (Spanish).

USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

WIC FOOD DELIVERY SYSTEM

The WIC food delivery system begins when a participant visits a WIC clinic and receives WIC food checks based on the individual's nutritional needs. WIC participants may receive a one to three-month supply of WIC checks at a time. Most checks specify the types and amounts of foods that may be purchased and the dates each check may be used. The Cash Value Voucher (CVV) (also referred to as a check) is for a specific dollar amount for the purpose of purchasing fruits or vegetables.

Each participating family is given a WIC Program Booklet that must be shown to verify the signature when redeeming checks in a store. The participant or proxy uses food checks to purchase prescribed foods from any authorized Indiana WIC vendor. Check and CVV redemption procedures are explained in the "Vendor Requirements" section.

The vendor stamps each check or CVV using the WIC Vendor ID Stamp provided by WIC and deposits the check or CVV in their bank. Valid and properly redeemed checks or CVVs are processed through the Federal Reserve Banking System and credited to the vendor's bank account.

This manual has been prepared to inform you of your responsibilities as a WIC vendor. For more information, contact the Indiana WIC Program at 1-800-522-0874. Comments and suggestions are welcome by calling or writing to:

WIC Program
Indiana State Department of Health
2 N. Meridian St.
Indianapolis, IN 46204

PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS FOR VENDORS

1. Vendor must accept Indiana WIC checks or CVVs and follow redemption procedures:

- A. Ask to see the WIC Program Booklet. Each family with one or more family members on the WIC Program is given a WIC Program Booklet. The folder lists all individuals authorized to redeem checks or CVVs and their signature and must be shown to the cashier. Do not accept checks or CVVs without this booklet. Self-checkout lanes may not be used for WIC purchases.
- B. Review the usage dates on the checks and CVVs and fill in the date used in the "Date Used" box. A vendor must accept checks or CVVs on or between the "First Day to Use" date and the "Last Day to Use" date on each check or CVV. Do not accept checks or CVVs presented outside of the usage dates.
- C. Compare the foods listed on the check against the foods selected. Checks or CVVs may only be used to purchase the items specified on the check or CVV. Allow only approved foods by checking the current Indiana WIC Approved Foods List. Infant formula checks specify the quantity, name, size and sometimes the packing unit such as 6 pack or case of 24. No other foods, non-food items, or cash in lieu of supplemental foods may be substituted for those specified on the check or CVV. Make sure the size and quantities do not exceed the amount of food listed on the check. When checks specify a certain size food, only that size is allowed. Store scanners are not controlled

by the WIC Program and sometimes are not 100% correct. When an approved item listed on a check or on the approved food list does not scan, the vendor must allow the purchase of the item by overriding the scanner or by some other means. Denial of the purchase of up to the full amount of foods on the food instrument is a violation of sanction #14.

- D. Ring up the foods selected and write the total with dark ink in the space provided for "actual \$ amount". Write the digits only, no dollar sign or cents sign. The amount must be entered at the time of purchase BEFORE the participant signs the check or CVV. If more than one check is used, the cost entered on each check or CVV must reflect only the cost of the foods purchased with that check or CVV to ensure payment. Cashiers should enter their initials or ID number on the check or CVV in the box provided.
- E. AFTER the price is entered, the participant, parent, caretaker, or proxy must sign the check or CVV in the presence of the cashier. The signature must be in dark ink and in the space provided. Check or CVVs signed in the wrong place will be returned to the store unpaid. Do not use pencil or light colored ink.
- F. Compare the signature with the signature on the WIC Program Booklet. The signature must match one of the signatures. The booklet is the only ID needed to redeem checks or CVVs.
- G. Provide a receipt to the customer after it has been marked "WIC".
- 2. Vendors must maintain prices of WIC authorized food within 15% of their peer group. The amount charged for approved foods purchased with WIC checks or CVVs cannot exceed the amount charged to non-WIC customers for the same foods. The cost of foods purchased with WIC checks must reflect any specials, discounts, or other reduced prices given to non-WIC customers. The vendor must accept all "cents off" coupons and deduct their value before writing the purchase price on the check or CVV. No change may be given. The vendor must also allow WIC customers to take advantage of "buy one, get one free", free item with a purchase, specials that specify a larger size for a smaller size price, or any other offer available to non-WIC customers such as customer loyalty programs that offer discounted prices or other benefits to members. The participant may receive more than the amounts specified on the check or CVV when using buy one get one free coupons or other special offers.
- 3. The vendor may charge the WIC Program only for the cost of the WIC foods received at the time of redemption. A rain check, credit or an IOU cannot be given. The participant "loses" the food not received, and may not come in later for those foods. Never demand that a WIC participant purchase all the food listed on a WIC check or CVV or ask the participant to select more food than the participant wants. Participants may purchase less than the amounts shown on the check. State sales tax may not be charged on any WIC purchase. Checks with sales tax will not be approved for payment. Vendors may not charge a fee to the person redeeming the WIC check or CVV. Vendors may not seek reimbursement of money or return of food from WIC participants for any rejected check or CVV.
- 4. Vendors may not provide refunds, store credit or permit exchanges for foods purchased with WIC checks or CVVs except for exchanges for an identical authorized food item when the original food item is defective, spoiled, has exceeded its "sell by", "best if used by", or other date limiting the sale or use of the item. An identical food

item means the exact brand and size of the original food item purchased. However, if the same fruit or vegetable is not available when the spoiled item is returned, then an exchange may be made for another fruit or vegetable. Participants may only exchange WIC items with a receipt. It is the vendor's responsibility to implement store procedures to prevent the improper return of foods purchased with WIC checks or CVVs by marking "WIC" on the cash register receipt. Participants requesting exchanges and refunds should be referred to and reported to the local WIC office. Except for defective or recalled items, WIC formula and WIC eligible nutritionals should never be exchanged, even with a doctor's prescription.

- 5. The vendor cannot limit the number of WIC checks or CVVs that a participant, parent, caretaker, or proxy uses at one time. Participants are encouraged, but not required to spread redemption of their checks or CVVs throughout the usage dates.
- **6. Altered WIC checks or CVVs must not be accepted.** The name of the participant, usage dates, quantity, units, and description of foods may never be altered.

An altered check or CVV remains the property of the participant and should not be confiscated by the vendor. The participant should be referred to and reported to the local WIC agency. The WIC office will not alter a check or CVV but will re-issue if a mistake has been made. The WIC Program does not issue hand-written checks or CVVs.

- 7. Correction of the price and date of purchase must follow the prescribed format. Do not write over, erase, or white out a wrong entry. If an error is made when entering the cost of foods or date of purchase, then it may be corrected in the presence of the WIC participant by:
 - A. Drawing a SINGLE line through the incorrect entry.
 - B. Neatly entering the correct information to the left of the error.
 - C. Having the participant initial the change.

Alteration of the information printed on the check or CVV is not allowed. Changing a price to a higher price without participant initials is an alteration and will not be approved for payment (see violation #23). However, it is permissible to <u>lower</u> the price of a check or CVV without the participant initials to correct a price error. The "approved price correction" box is not for store use.

8. Vendors must comply with nondiscrimination statutes. The U.S. Department of Agriculture prohibits discrimination against its customers, employees, and applicants for employment on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, gender identity, religion, reprisal, and where applicable, political beliefs, marital status, familial or parental status, sexual orientation, or all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program, or protected genetic information in employment or in any program or activity conducted or funded by the Department. (Not all prohibited basis will apply to all programs and/or employment activities.) If you wish to file a Civil Rights program complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, found online at http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint filing cust.html, or at any USDA office, or call (866) 632-9992 to request the form. You may also write a letter containing all of the information requested in the form. Send your completed complaint form or letter to us by mail at U.S. Department of Agriculture, Director, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Avenue, D.C. 20250-9410, by fax (202) 690-7442 or email S.W., Washington, program.intake@usda.gov.

- 9. Vendors cannot request additional identification from participants, parents, caretakers, or proxies during a WIC purchase. No additional information such as address or phone number should be requested. If the WIC Program Booklet is not signed next to their name, then the cashier should ask for a picture ID prior to accepting the check or CVV to establish the identity of the person using the check.
- 10. WIC customers are entitled to the same service, courtesies, promotional offers, and same general treatment as non-WIC customers with the exception of return policies. WIC customers are not to be given any form of preferential treatment. Vendors cannot make offers to WIC customers that are not offered to other customers.
- 11. The WIC Vendor ID stamp can only be used by and for the vendor location for which it is issued to validate for deposit checks or CVVs redeemed at the vendor location. Each WIC vendor is issued a WIC Vendor identification number ID stamp unique to that vendor location. Any other use is forbidden. If authorization to participate in the WIC Program ends for any reason, then the vendor ID stamp must be returned within 15 days to the local WIC agency.
- **12.** The vendor must contact the Local WIC Agency immediately to report a lost or stolen Vendor ID Stamp. Lost or stolen stamps must be replaced with a different ID number. A vendor may not reproduce the ID stamp. Do not use a worn out or gummed up stamp. Clean your stamp or contact your local WIC agency for a new stamp.
- 13. The store manager or authorized representative must attend annual training on WIC procedures offered by the local WIC office. Training of store personnel will be offered twice a year by the local WIC office. All food vendors are required to attend annual training. An optional session in March will be offered for new cashiers and any others wishing to attend.
- 14. The vendor is responsible for training its store personnel on program requirements and is accountable for actions of owners, officers, managers, agents, and employees who commit vendor violations. WIC food tests are provided for cashier training at the annual WIC vendor training. Cashiers need to pass the food test during monitoring.
- **15. The vendor agrees to periodic monitoring.** Local, state, and federal officials responsible for WIC Program management will determine compliance with WIC requirements. Monitoring may include the following:
 - A. Cashier food test.
 - B. A review of paid food checks or CVVs and reports to determine irregularities.
 - C. Store visits to verify required stock of WIC foods.
 - D. Store visits to confirm prices entered on paid checks or CVVs and to review redeemed checks or CVVs on hand.
 - E. Store visits to interview store personnel and review records such as, but not limited to, price lists of WIC foods, invoices, receipts, etc. related to the vendor's participation in the WIC program.
 - F. A compliance investigation.
 - G. Review of invoices or receipts showing source(s) of WIC foods and infant formula purchases.
 - H. Vendor must provide invoice upon request for special order formula and WIC eligible nutritionals.
 - I. Request to complete a price survey of WIC authorized foods.

- **16. Food vendors must meet the minimum check redemption standard.** The standard is a minimum of 40 checks per month and a minimum of 1% of the county's checks, or 150 checks per month with no minimum percentage. New vendors will be given a conditional contract to determine if the minimum redemption standard is met. Pharmacies are exempt from this requirement.
- 17. Vendors must have a fixed location and be open a minimum of eight hours per day, six days per week. Home delivery of WIC purchases is not allowed. WIC transactions must take place only in the authorized store location.
- 18. Food stores must maintain a minimum inventory of WIC approved foods and all stores must maintain WIC approved foods within their fresh dates. There is NO stocking requirement for pharmacies. To assure that WIC participants can redeem their checks or CVVs for the proper types and quantities of foods, food vendors are required to have the following minimum stock in the store at all times:
 - A. <u>100% Dairy Milk</u> 3 gallons of whole, 2 gallons of 2% reduced fat, and 7 gallons of low fat and skim milk for a total of 12 gallons.
 - B. <u>Cheese</u> 2 kinds and 3 lbs. of 8 ounce or 16 ounce domestic pre-packaged, blocks or sliced cheese.
 - C. Eggs 3 dozen large or extra-large white eggs in 1 dozen containers.
 - D. <u>Dry beans, peas, or lentils and canned beans</u> 2 kinds of dry beans, peas or lentils in 1 lb. bags for a total of 3 lbs. and 128 ounces of canned beans in 15 ounce or larger cans.
 - E. Peanut Butter 5 jars 16 to 18 ounce.
 - F. <u>Cereal</u> 6 kinds of dry and 1 kind of cooked, for a total of 20 boxes. At least one variety must be whole grain cereal.
 - G. <u>100% Juice</u> 15 64 ounce containers and 3 kinds, and 5 cans of 11.5 or 12 ounce frozen juice and/or shelf stable concentrate and 2 kinds.
 - H. Formula:
 - 6 12.1 fluid oz. container Gerber Good Start Gentle concentrate
 - 20 12.7 ounce container Gerber Good Start Gentle powder
 - 5 12.9 ounce container Gerber Good Start Soy powder
 - 5 12.4 ounce container Gerber Good Start Soothe powder
 - I. Infant Cereal 8 boxes and 2 kinds of 8 ounce dry infant cereal without fruit.
 - J. <u>Baby food</u> -- 48 jars of 4 ounce OR 24 2-packs of 4 ounce plastic tubs of baby food fruits or vegetables and 16 jars of 2.5 ounce of baby food meat.
 - K. <u>Bread</u>: 5 loaves of WIC approved whole grain bread in 16 ounce packages.
 - L. Fruits and vegetables: \$30 worth of fresh fruits or vegetables, two varieties of each.

Stocking requirements are based on the "Indiana WIC Program Approved Food List" in effect at the time. This list is updated and provided to vendors each year. Vendors must comply with any changes in the food list and changes in stocking requirements. Not all WIC approved foods are listed under the minimum stocking requirement and not all approved foods must be stocked by the vendor.

- 19. All infant formula and WIC eligible nutritionals must be purchased from an approved source. A list of approved sources is available at http://www.in.gov/isdh/24780.htm.
- 20. Contracted pharmacies and grocery vendors with a pharmacy must provide <u>any</u> prescribed formula and <u>WIC eligible nutritionals</u> to WIC participants within two

working days of notification. Pharmacies may redeem WIC checks for formula and WIC eligible nutritionals only. All formulas and WIC eligible nutritionals that could be used by WIC participants must be within their fresh dates.

- 21. Vendors must clearly show the price of all WIC approved foods on the item, shelf, or sign.
- **22.** Appropriate WIC vendor materials are provided at no charge. Contact your local WIC agency when additional materials are needed.
 - A. <u>Approved Food List</u>. The list notes allowed and not allowed foods. A current food list <u>must</u> be at each cash register in use.
 - B. <u>Shelf Tags</u>. Shelf tags are provided for foods specified on the current approved food list to help participants find the correct items. Current tags must be used on the shelf near the item. The WIC logo and the acronym "WIC" are registered with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. The Indiana WIC Program does not allow the acronym or logo on shelf tags that are not provided by the WIC Program. Manufacturer shelf tags with "WIC" on the tag are not allowed. Exceptions to the shelf tag requirements may be made upon written request and approval.
 - C. <u>Window Decal</u>. A current WIC provided window decal must be displayed at the store's entrance.
 - D. <u>Vendor Manual</u>. Available at www.wic.in.gov
- 23. Vendors are required to retain inventory records for a minimum of three years for state or federal purposes and other records as noted in the Vendor Agreement. Vendors are responsible for providing acceptable documentation of their total food sales revenue annually upon request.
- **24. Vendors are required to allow split-tender transactions for CVVs** when the purchase total exceeds the face value of the CVV. The amount over the face value may be paid by any normally allowed payment method including cash, credit card, SNAP or personal check.

ADDITIONAL EBT PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

Indiana will pilot Electronic Benefits Transfer (EBT for WIC) in February 2016 and plans to rollout WIC EBT statewide between March and September 2016. The following requirements apply to redemption of WIC EBT benefits. WIC checks will expire by the end of 2016.

- 25. Vendors will complete an WIC EBT Settlement Authorization Form and submit to Xerox. This facilitates payment to the vendor's bank account upon redemption of WIC EBT benefits. Xerox will provide the form directly to WIC vendors.
- 26. Vendors that opt to process WIC transactions without a Third Party Processor will complete a Xerox WIC Vendor Agreement. This facilitates provision of equipment needed to redeem WIC benefits. If a Third Party Processor is used, additional equipment is not required and the agreement will not be needed.
- **27. Vendors will not designate special checkout lanes restricted to use by participants.**Vendors may not establish a minimum dollar limit per transaction or a maximum limit on the number of transactions. Vendors may not impose a fee to participants for processing a transaction.
- 28. Vendors will not accept a WIC Card for any purpose other than the redemption of WIC benefits and benefit balance inquires.
- 29. Settlement shall be for the Vendor total as approved at the time of purchase, which represents the lesser of the vendor's price or the State's maximum allowable price.
- **30. Food vendors must meet the minimum WIC EBT redemption standard.** The standard is a minimum of 40 EBT transactions per month and a minimum of 1% of the county's

transactions, or 150 transactions per month with no minimum percentage. New vendors will be given a conditional contract to determine if the minimum redemption standard is met. Pharmacies are exempt from this requirement.

- **31. Vendors must use the most current Approved Product List (APL).** The APL will not allow an unapproved UPC to be processed during an eWIC transaction. A procedure will be established for vendors to request the addition of food products to the APL.
- 32. Vendors must provide a receipt for each WIC EBT transaction that shows items purchased and the remaining balance of available benefits.
- 33. Vendors must implement and maintain a Food and Nutrition Services certified automated system to accept and process WIC Program benefits in the form of an EBT magnetic strip card using either stand beside eWIC device or integrated POS solution that perform online WIC EBT transactions in accordance with published rules, policy, specifications and procedures.

PAYMENT PROCEDURES

After redeeming a check or CVV:

- 1. Stamp the check or CVV with your WIC ID stamp in the space provided. Use dark ink and make sure it is legible.
- 2. Endorse the check or CVV on the back as you would endorse a check for deposit.
- 3. Deposit the check or CVV in your regular bank account within 30 days of last day to use date.
- Checks or CVVs will be edited by the WIC bank to ensure they are processed according
 to the redemption procedures described in this Vendor Manual under "Program
 Requirements".

REJECTED CHECKS OR CVVS AND REMEDY

WIC checks have to pass an edit procedure prior to payment, which includes a reasonable price for the foods listed on the check, the correct redemption date, no alterations, a signature by the WIC participant or proxy, a legible ID stamp, and depositing the check prior to the stale date. CVVs rejected for excess dollar amount are not eligible for correction and override. Improperly redeemed checks or CVVs will be rejected and returned through your bank without payment. Carefully train cashiers to follow redemption procedures and avoid extra handling, delayed payment, or nonpayment of checks or CVVs. Checks are rejected as required by the USDA to help maintain program integrity. Cashiers should enter their initials or identification number in the box marked "CASHIERS INITIALS". This helps identify cashiers who may need additional training. The following are reasons for check or CVV rejection and some remedies.

Reject Stamp	Explanation/Remedy
Returned Unpaid NO VENDOR NUMBER.	Stamp the check or CVV with your WIC ID stamp and re-deposit within 30 days of the last day to use date.
Returned Unpaid UNREADABLE VENDOR #	Go over vendor number with a black pen or re-stamp the check so that it is readable, then re-deposit within 30 days of the last day to use date.
Return Unpaid POST DATED VOID-Do Not Redeposit	The check or CVV is redeemed prior to the first day to use date. No remedy; this rejection will not be paid.
Returned Unpaid STALE DATED VOID-Do Not Redeposit	The check or CVV is redeemed after the last day to use date or was deposited more than 30 days after the last day to use date. No remedy; this rejection will not be paid.
Returned Unpaid ALTERED VOID-Do Not Redeposit	The check or CVV is altered.
Unapproved REDEPOSIT	The check or CVV was previously rejected and then redeposited. Normally this is a redeposit without the local agency override approval stamp. It could also be voided check that was redeposited.*
Returned Unpaid MISSING SIGNATURE VOID-Do Not Redeposit	The check is deposited without a participant or proxy signature. No remedy; this rejection will not be paid.

Reject Stamp	Explanation/Remedy
Returned Unpaid EXCESS DOLLAR AMOUNT	The price submitted on the check is too high for the foods listed on the check. Provide the rejected check or the legal copy and price justification to the local agency coordinator.
	Acceptable price justification for stores with automated registers is the cash register journal report that recorded the foods actually purchased. The journal report must match the date, time and price imprinted on the back of the check.
	Stores that are not automated may justify the price with a written price justification specifying what products and prices could have been sold to equal the total amount on the check.
	The local WIC Coordinator will review the justification and will approve payment only for the correct foods actually purchased. Wrong items or excessive amounts of food will be deducted. The coordinator will use a special override approval stamp on the check and initial it. This stamp can only approve this kind of rejection. The "Approved Price Correction" box on the WIC check is for local agency use only. Vendors should never write in this space. If the original price was not correct, the new price may be encoded on the check in MICR ink on a MICR strip placed over the original price. The check must then be redeposited within 30 days of the last day to use date.
Returned Unpaid UNAUTHORIZED VENDOR VOID-Do Not Redeposit	Check was deposited with an unauthorized vendor number. No remedy; this rejection will not be paid.
ENCODING ERROR Correct and Redeposit	Vendor's bank or store made an error assigning the wrong value to the check when preparing the deposit or an error was made in the data file sent to the Federal Reserve Bank. The value assigned to the check needs to be corrected. Point out the encoding error to your bank. Instruct your bank to make the needed correction and redeposit. This does not need WIC approval.

^{*} Occasionally WIC checks are rejected in error through no fault of the vendor. This can be the result of misreading the MICR line, encoding the price incorrectly, poor handwriting of the price, human error, etc. If a vendor has a rejected check they believe was rejected in error and wishes to appeal, they may do so by sending the check and a written explanation of why it should be paid to their local WIC agency. Any documentation available to support payment should also be included, as should a name and phone number. The local WIC agency will forward this to the State WIC Program for investigation. The state will approve or deny payment, and return the check to the appropriate store or processor. Chronic requests for the same type of problem will not be considered for payment. Submission of a request does not guarantee payment. The state WIC Office will be the final authority on payment requests.

In Addition:

- A. Vendors may not seek reimbursement of money or return of food from WIC participants for any rejected check.
- B. Vendors may not recover bank charges from the Indiana WIC Program caused by improperly redeemed or improperly stamped checks.
- C. The Indiana WIC Program does not charge vendors a processing fee for rejected checks or pass on the fees that it absorbs related to rejected checks.
- D. The Indiana WIC Program cannot pay WIC checks from other states or pay checks redeemed at unauthorized stores.
- E. Vendors should notify their bank that rejected checks must be returned to the store, immediately, for possible correction. Rejected checks that are re-deposited but not corrected in accordance with the above procedures will be rejected again and voided.
- F. The WIC Program has the right to demand refunds for improperly redeemed checks or deny payment for improperly redeemed checks.
- G. Have your cashiers initial or enter their ID number in the box provided on the check so that you can easily identify and retrain cashiers who make a mistake.
- H. Limit the number of people who prepare bank deposits for your store and have them inspect each check for a signature, a vendor ID stamp, and alterations before depositing.
- I. Rejected checks should be processed immediately by each store location.
- J. Send at least one person who prepares bank deposits to annual vendor training. This will help ensure that they know WIC payment procedures and how to remedy rejected checks.

WIC PARTICIPANTS

Participants are given a list of WIC approved foods, a list of authorized vendors in their area, and instructions on how to use checks. Customers with WIC-related problems should be referred to the local WIC office. WIC participants or proxies are in violation of program requirements and may be sanctioned if they:

- 1. Purchase foods other than those specified on the checks.
- 2. Use checks before the first day to use or after the last day to use date.
- 3. Alter checks.
- 4. Return or attempt to return items purchased with checks.
- 5. Physically or verbally abuse vendor personnel.
- 6. Fail to sign checks or sign checks prior to the price being entered.
- 7. Sell or attempt to sell WIC checks.
- 8. Sell or attempt to sell WIC provided foods.

Your cooperation in reporting violations is appreciated. Forms for written complaints about participant abuse are available at your local WIC office. Participant abuse may also be reported by calling your local WIC office.

VENDOR SANCTION SCHEDULE

Vendors have a number of responsibilities pursuant to the vendor agreement. It is essential that responsibilities are met. Vendors who fail to meet WIC requirements may lose their authorization to participate in the Program. The following is in accordance with Indiana Code under 410 IAC 3.6-1 - 410 IAC 3.6-6; Women, Infants, and Children Program Rules, Penalties, and Sanctions for WIC Vendors.

	<u>Violation</u>	Offense	Sanction	<u>Term</u>
1.	Vendors convicted of trafficking/illegal sales (firearms, explosives, ammunitions, controlled substances).	1 st	Disqualification	Permanent
2.	Trafficking in food instruments, selling firearms, ammunition, explosives, or controlled substances for food instruments.	1 st	Disqualification	6 years
3.	Sale of alcoholic beverages or tobacco products in exchange for WIC checks.	1 st	Disqualification	3 years
4.	Claiming reimbursement in excess of documented inventory.	Pattern of abuse	Disqualification	3 years
5.	Charging WIC participants more than non-WIC customers, charging more than the shelf price, or charging more than is permitted under the Vendor Agreement, either intentionally or unintentionally. It is not an overcharge when a vendor submits a food instrument for approval and the WIC agency makes a price adjustment to the check.	Pattern of abuse	Disqualification	3 years
6.	Receiving, transacting, and/or redeeming	1 st	Disqualification	3 years
	checks outside authorized channels including unauthorized vendors or persons.			
7.	Charging for foods not received by the	1 st	Warning	
	participant.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information**
8.	Providing credit or non-food items in exchange for WIC checks (other than	1 st	Warning	
	alcohol, tobacco, firearms, ammunition, explosives, or controlled substances which are covered in sanctions 1 through 3.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
9.	Selling expired infant formula or WIC	1 st	Warning	
	eligible nutritionals to participants.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **

	<u>Violation</u>	<u>Offense</u>	Sanction	<u>Term</u>
10.	Including sales tax or deposits as part of the cost of the foods listed on the food	1 st	Warning and payment denied	
	instrument or requiring participants to pay the tax or deposit.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified and payment denied	See Additional Sanction Information **
11.	Accepting returned items purchased with	1 st	Warning	
	WIC checks for cash or credit.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
12.	Providing change when redeeming food	1 st	Warning	
	instruments.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
13.	Failure to provide inventory records or other records required of vendors upon request.	1 st	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
14.	Denial of the purchase of up to the full	1 st	Warning	
	amount of the foods on the food instrument.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
15.	Failure to attend annual September WIC	1 st	Warning	
	training by a store representative.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
16.	Failure to provide authorized WIC Program access to the business premises, any redeemed WIC checks on hand, and other records pertaining to their WIC participation.	1 st	Disqualification	1 year
17.	Submission of false information on price	1 st	Warning	
	survey or during inspection of the vendor.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
18.	Threatening or verbally abusing WIC	1 st	Warning	
	participants or program personnel.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
19.	Disqualification from other Food and Nutrition Service programs.	All	Disqualification	Disqualification same as FSP
20.	Failure to reimburse the department within 30 days of written request for amounts	1 st	Warning and 10% fine	
	paid by the department for improperly redeemed food instruments.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **

	<u>Violation</u>	Offense	Sanction	<u>Term</u>
21.	Requiring cash purchases in order to	1 st	Warning	
	redeem food instruments.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
22.	Failure to compare the signature on the food instruments with the signature on the	1 st	Warning	
	WIC identification folder.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
23.	Alteration of a check other than a legitimate price or use date correction	1 st	Warning	
	regulariate price of use date correction	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
24.	Home delivery of WIC purchases.	1 st	Warning	
		2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
25.	Failure to honor a coupon or any other	1 st	Warning	
	special offer available to the general public.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
26.	Failure to accept a valid WIC check when presented with a valid WIC ID folder	1 st	Warning	
	presented with a valid vvic 15 folder	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
27.	Recovery or attempted recovery of funds or food from WIC participants in relation to	1 st	Warning	
	a WIC check.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
28.	Failure to provide formula or WIC eligible nutritionals as required.	1 st	Warning	
	nutitionals as required.	2 nd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
29.	Failure to allow the purchase of an authorized food or issuing rain checks or	1 st	Warning	
	IOU.	2 nd & 3rd	Fine or disqualified	See Additional Sanction Information **
30.	Failure to remove any out-of-date WIC food from customer areas. See item H	1 st	Warning	
	under Additional Sanction Information. *	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****

	<u>Violation</u>	Offense	Sanction	<u>Term</u>
31.	Failure to maintain the minimum stock of WIC foods on hand. *	1 st	Warning	
		2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
		4 th	Disqualification	1 year
32.	Failure of the WIC foods identification test by store personnel incorrectly identifying	1 st	Warning	
	two or more foods during the test or any incorrect identification of WIC/non-WIC food by a scanning system.*	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
33.	Failure to maintain WIC food prices within 15 percent of other authorized WIC	1 st	Warning	
	vendors of the same peer group ranking	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
34.	Failure to fill in the cost of foods received in ink on the check prior to obtaining a participant or proxy signature.	1 st	Warning	
		2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
35.	Failure to accurately show the price of WIC foods on the food package, container,	1 st	Warning	
	shelf, or on a sign. *	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
36.	Failure to offer WIC participants the same courtesies and services offered to the	1 st	Warning	
	general public.	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
37.	Using a cash register without a current WIC approved food list at the cash	1 st	Education	
	register. *	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
38.	Failure to supply a price survey to the department as required.	1 st	Warning	
	aoparanoni ao roquiroa.	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****

	<u>Violation</u>	Offense	Sanction	<u>Term</u>
39.	Requiring participants to show ID other than the WIC ID folder except as	1 st	Warning	
	described in item 9 on page 5 of the Vendor Manual.	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
40.	Requiring a participant to select a specific type or brand of WIC foods when the food	1 st	Warning	
	instrument or list does not require purchase of that specific type or brand.	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
41.	The possession, attempted sale, or sale of food products from the Commodity	1 st	Warning	
	Supplemental Food Program.	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
42.	Accepting a food instrument before the first day to use or after the last day to use	1 st	Warning	
	date.	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
43.	Accepting an altered food instrument.	1 st	Warning	
		2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
44.	Failure to provide a WIC participant with a cash register receipt for the foods	1 st	Warning	
	purchased.	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
45.	Retaining WIC ID or any information that	1 st	Warning	9.
	identifies a WIC participant or proxy or disclosing information regarding a WIC participant.	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
46.	Issuing rain checks for specific WIC food	1 st	Warning	
	types, brand, or quantities listed on the food instrument not available or not received by the participant at the time a food instrument is redeemed.	2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****

	<u>Violation</u>	Offense	Sanction	<u>Term</u>
47.	Selling non-approved items.	1 st	Warning	
		2 nd & 3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****
48.	Failure to accurately display WIC Program supplied shelf tags near WIC authorized	1 st	Warning	
	foods.	2 nd &3 rd		See Additional Sanction Information *** & ****

- * Requires a follow-up visit in 90 days.
- ** For the second violation within a twenty-four (24) month period, a vendor may be sanctioned as follows:
 - (A) Up to the lesser of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or ten percent (10%) of the vendor's monthly average redemptions for:
 - (i) the greater of the twelve (12) months preceding the date of the sanction notice, or
 - (ii) a lesser number of months the vendor has been authorized.
 - (B) Disqualification from the WIC program for up to one (1) year.
- *** For a vendor's second violation within a twenty-four (24) month period, a vendor shall either:
 - (A) receive a second warning letter; or
 - (B) be required to participate in a conference with the department and local agency about the violation, either in person or by telephone;
 - (C) both

After the letter or conference, the vendor shall submit written documentation of the corrective action that will be taken.

- **** For a vendor's third violation within a twenty-four (24) month period, a vendor may be fined the greater of \$100.00 or three percent (3%) of the vendor's monthly average redemptions for the greater of the following:
 - (A) The twelve (12) months preceding the date of the imposition of the sanction.
 - (B) A lesser number of months the vendor has been authorized.

ADDITIONAL SANCTION INFORMATION

- A. WIC is required to disqualify a WIC vendor who has been disqualified from the Food Stamp Program (SNAP). If the vendor is disqualified from WIC as a result of SNAP disqualification, such disqualification is not subject to administrative or judicial review by the WIC state agency. WIC may also disqualify a WIC vendor who has received a Civil Money Penalty (CMP) from SNAP in lieu of disqualification from that program.
- B. For a vendor's third violation within a twenty-four (24) month period, for violations 30 through 46, a vendor may be fined the greater of \$100.00 or three percent (3%) of the vendor's monthly average redemptions for the greater of the following:
 - (A) The twelve (12) months preceding the date of the imposition of the sanction.
 - (B) A lesser number of months the vendor has been authorized.

For any subsequent violations within a twenty-four (24) month period, a vendor may be fined the greater of \$200.00 or five percent (5%) of the vendor's monthly average redemptions for the greater of the following:

- (A) The twelve (12) months preceding the date of the sanction notice.
- (B) A lesser number of months the vendor has been authorized.

Multiple violations found may result in a cumulative penalty assessment based upon this subsection.

- C. Vendors who have been disqualified from WIC may also be disqualified from SNAP. In accordance with current laws governing both WIC and SNAP, such a SNAP disqualification may not be subject to administrative or judicial review under SNAP.
- D. A vendor who has been disqualified from the WIC Program is eligible to reapply 30 days before the period of disqualification has ended. In all cases, the vendor's new application will be subject to the agency's vendor selection criteria in effect at the time of reapplication.
- E. A violation that carries a warning sanction will not be considered for purposes of the progression of sanctioning after 24 months from the date of the occurrence except in the event of an appeal. If the state prevails in the appeal process, the 24-month period will be extended by the number of days the appeal process takes from beginning until final resolution. In addition, routine and follow-up monitoring activities may continue during the appeal process. Any additional violations will follow the progressive sanction schedule.
- F. The WIC Program reserves the right to deny payment for part or all of a check(s) and/or demand a refund for a check(s) involving program abuse in addition to any other sanction which may be applied.
- G. Commission of any violation not specifically listed on the sanction schedule, but which is contrary to any rule, regulation, policy, or procedure of the WIC Program, shall be dealt with in accordance with the severity of the violation. The sanction schedule will be used as a guideline for determining sanctions.

- H. Local health departments will be notified when violation #30 is cited on the monitoring form.
- I. USDA rules do not allow vendors to withdraw from the program as an alternative to disqualification.
- J. The state agency does not have to provide the vendor with prior warning that violations were occurring before imposing a sanction listed in the Sanction Schedule or taking action against a vendor.
- K. Vendors have the right to appeal only those adverse actions allowed by CFR 246.18. A written request for appeal, setting forth with specificity the basis for appeal allowable under CFR 246.18, must be sent to the WIC Director, Indiana State Department of Health, 2 North Meridian St., Section 8B, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204 within 15 days of the vendor's knowledge of the adverse action.
- L. Vendors may be terminated without prior warning when they fail to meet vendor selection criteria.
- M. Vendors that fail to pay fines, civil money penalties, repayments, reimbursements to the Indiana WIC Program for any cause within 30 days of notice will incur a 10% penalty for each 30 day period that payment is late.
- N. Vendors are subject to sanctions, including disqualification and termination, that are separate from those included within the Vendor Sanction Schedule for violations observed during compliance buys. Warnings may not be provided to vendors prior to the assessment of sanctions in order to preserve the integrity of the investigations.

VENDOR RIGHTS/APPEAL PROCEDURE

The WIC Program provides vendors certain rights, which include:

- 1. The right to voluntarily withdraw from the WIC Program except if it is to avoid disqualification resulting from violations of the Sanction Schedule or to avoid paying a civil money penalty.
- 2. The right to file a complaint against a WIC participant or other WIC vendor.
- 3. The right to receive advance notice of a suspension, termination, or non-approval.
- 4. The right to request a hearing on an adverse action allowable under CFR 246.18.
- 5. The right to be represented by counsel.

A written request for appeal must be sent to the WIC Director, Indiana State Department of Health, 2 North Meridian St., Indianapolis, Indiana 46204 within 15 days of your receipt of a notice of disqualification, suspension, termination or non-approval. Hearings will take place in Indianapolis before an Administrative Law Judge. Hearings will be conducted in an informal manner during which the vendor and the WIC Program are allowed to present. The Administrative Law Judge decision will be based on the oral and documentary evidence presented and the statutory and regulatory provisions governing the WIC Program.

DEFINITIONS

Brand: Trademark name for a product.

Cash value voucher (CVV) means a fixed-dollar amount check, voucher, electronic benefit transfer (EBT) card or other document which is used by a participant to obtain authorized fruits and vegetables.

Cheese food, product, substitute, spread, etc.: Non-approved food item that is less than 100% cheese.

Compliance buy means a covert, on-site investigation in which a representative of the program poses as a participant, parent, or caretaker of an infant or child participant or proxy, and transacts one or more food instruments (FIs) or CVVs and does not reveal during the visit that he or she is a program representative.

Education: As defined for WIC vendor purposes, findings, complaints, or other issues related to the vendor on a monitoring form, by letter or orally. At monitoring, education is acknowledged when the store representative signs the monitoring form at the end of a monitoring visit. A complaint or other issue, about either a vendor or participant, may be documented in a letter sent by a WIC agent specifying the complaint or relevant issue and outlining the correct WIC policy. Oral education may be given either in person or by phone and recorded in the vendor file for future reference.

Employee fraud and abuse means the intentional conduct of a state, local agency, or clinic employee which violates program regulations, policies, or procedures including, but not limited to, misappropriating or altering FIs or CVVs by entering false or misleading information in case records or creating case records for fictitious participants.

Food test is a part of the monitoring visit. The person conducting the review selects food items that are used to test the cashier's knowledge of WIC foods and their ability to use the WIC food list or the accuracy of the scanner system to differentiate between WIC foods and non-approved foods. Both approved and non-approved foods are used during this test.

FI: abbreviation for Food Instrument, another name for a WIC check or CVV.

Fruit drinks, juice drinks, juice beverages: indicates a non-approved item that is less than 100% juice

Juice container: Can, plastic, or glass.

Low fat peanut butter/peanut spread: Non-approved food item similar to peanut butter, but consisting of a soy and peanut blend. These products are usually labeled low fat.

Monitoring visit is a store visit performed by an authorized WIC agent. This visit includes, but may not be limited to, interviews with store personnel, verification of stock on hand (including quantities, use dates, and selection), general store cleanliness, cashier food test, and review of WIC checks and other pertinent records.

Participant violation means any action of a participant, or proxy that violates federal or state statutes, regulations, policies, or procedures governing the program. Participant violations include intentionally making false or misleading statements or intentionally misrepresenting, concealing, or withholding facts to obtain benefits; exchanging CVVs, FIs, or supplemental foods for cash, credit, non-food items, or unauthorized food items including supplemental foods in excess of those listed on the participant's FI; threatening to harm or physically harming any clinic, farmer, or vendor staff; and dual participation.

Pattern (of abuse): two or more occurrences in a 3 year period

Proxy means any person designated by a woman participant, or by a parent or caretaker of an infant or child participant, to obtain and transact Fls or CVVs or to obtain supplemental foods on behalf of a participant. The proxy must be designated consistent with the state agency's procedures established pursuant to Section 246.12(r)(1). Parents or caretakers applying on behalf of child and infant participants are not proxies. Proxy signatures may be listed on the WIC Program Booklet.

Split tender transaction: a purchase of fruits and /or vegetables paid for with a CVV and any other form of payment when the purchase price exceeds the face value of the CVV.

Stale date: A check deposited more than 30 days after the last day to use.

Type, flavor, variety, and kind are all words to describe a particular subgroup of a food item, i.e.: a juice subgroup could be described by different flavors or a baby cereal subgroup could be kinds, types, or varieties of different cereal grains (rice, oat, barley, mixed grain).

Vendor means a sole proprietorship, partnership, cooperative association, corporation, or other business entity operating one or more stores authorized by the state agency to provide authorized supplemental foods to participants under a retail food delivery system. Each store operated by a business entity. Each store must have a single, fixed location.in accordance with Section 246.4(a)(14)(xiv)

WIC eligible nutritionals: categorical terminology for foods formerly known as medical foods.

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SAMPLE WIC FOOD CHECKS

	<u>0642123 THREEYEAI</u> Wicld No.	NAME OF PARTICIPANT WIC USE ONLY		01/01 95807 1 78
PAY TO THE ANY AUTHORIZED INDIANA ORDER OF WIC VENDOR DNLY FOR THESE ITEMS, SIZES, QUANTITIES DNLY	Péyable Through United Community Bank Marietta . 64-1968 611		FIRST DAY TO USE	SEP 16, 2015
DESCRIPTION (NO SUBSTITUTIONS ALLOW)	ED)	APPROVED PRICE CORRECTION WIC USE ONLY	DATE USED	
GALLON CONTAINER(S) 1%, 1/2%, OR SKIM M	ILK-		LAST DAY	OCT 15, 2015
I EAST EXPENSIVE BRAND 16-18 OZ JAR PEANUT BUTTER		CASHIER INITIALS	TO USE	
64 OZ CONTAINER(S) ЛЛСЕ			VENDOR MUS	T DEPOSIT WITHIN 30 DAYS OF LAST DAY TO USE
16 OZ WHOLE WHEAT OR WHOLE GRAIN BRE OR WHOLE WHEAT OR CORN TORTILLAS OR	AD, OR WHOLE WHEAT PASTA 14 TO 16 OZ BROWN RICE	ACTUAL S AMOUNT		
XXX END OF ORDER XXXX		<u> </u>	VEN	DOR PLACE INDIANA WIC STAMP HERE
		Χ		
		PARTICIPANT/PRO	XY SIGN HERI	ONLY AFTER PRICE IS ENTERED

#958071789# #061119684# 02503027# Indiana State Department of Health 10642123 THREEYEAR OLDBOY 01/01 95807179 WIC Program NAME OF PARTICIPANT Payabie Through United Community Bank Marietta, GA WIC USE ONLY PAY TO THE ANY AUTHORIZED INDIANA URDER OF WIC VENDOR ONLY IRST DAY TO USE SEP 16, 2015 FOR THESE ITEMS, SIZES, QUANTITIES ONLY DATE USED DESCRIPTION (NO SUBSTITUTIONS ALLOWED) 002 GALLON CONTAINER(S) 1%, 1/2%, OR SKIM MILK-OCT 15, 2015 LEAST EXPENSIVE BRAND LAST DAY CASHIER INITIALS OUNCES WIC APPROVED CEREAL 036 64 OZ CONTAINER(S) JUICE do1. VENDOR MUST DEPOSIT WITHIN 30 DAYS OF LAST DAY TO USE ACTUAL \$ AMOUNT do1. 16 OZ WHOLE WHEAT OR WHOLE GRAIN BREAD, OR WHOLE WHEAT PASTA OR WHOLE WITEAT OR CORN TORTILLAS OR 14 TO 16 OZ BROWN RICE. DOZEN WHITE EGGS, LARGE OR EXTRA-LARGE LEAST EXPENSIVE BRAND do1-VANDOR PLACE INDIANA WIC STAMP HERE XXX END OF ORDER XXXX PARTICIPANT/PROXY SIGN HERE ONLY AFTER PRICE IS ENTERED

#958071798# #O61119684# 02503027#

SAMPLE OF A CASH VALUE VOUCHER CHECK

	WIC Program	WIC I.D. NO. Payable Through	NAME OF PARTICIPANT WIC USE ONLY		AG7CI
	PAY TO THE ANY AUTHORIZED INDIANA ORDER OF WIC VENDOR ONLY FOR THESE ITEMS, SIZES, QUANTITIES ONLY	United Community Bank Marietta, GA <u>64-1938</u> 611.		FIRST DAY TO USE	AUG 21, 2014
ΓY.	DESCRIPTION (NO SUBSTITUTIONS ALL)WED)	APPROVED PRICE CORRECTION WIC USE ONLY	DATE USED	
}	DOLLARS OF FRUITS AND/OR VEGETABLE			LAST DAY	SEP 11, 2014
	IF \$8.00 OR LESS EXACT PRICE MUST BE WRITTEN ON VOUCHER IF OVER \$8.00 CLIENT MUST PAY THE DIFFERENCE OR BUY LESS		CASHIER INITIALS	TOUSE	
	************NEVER WRITE IN MORE THA			VENDOR MUS	T DEPOSIT WITHIN 30 DAYS OF LAST DAY TO USE
	XXX END OF ORDER XXXX		ACTUAL \$ AMOUNT		
			91- 14.	VEN	DOR PLACE INDIANA W.C.STAMP HERE
			X		
(17.7)	[1] S. M. Control of the street of the st	g ville en vielde egya generalen egye benevet berevet av de viel els els els els els els els els els e	PARTICIPANT/PRO	CY SIGN HERE	ONLY AFTER PRICE IS ENTERED

Cash Value Voucher

- Will allow fresh or frozen fruits and veggies only no canned.
- Each cash value voucher will have a maximum dollar amount (\$4, \$8, \$11, \$16 or \$17) in the description box.
- Cashiers must enter the price charged up to the maximum listed on the check. The price cannot exceed the dollar amount listed on the voucher. The price may be less than the maximum allowed.
- When the purchase price exceeds the cash value voucher, participant may pay the difference or the amount of produce purchased may be reduced to be equal to or less than the value of the CVV. Paying the difference with a cash value voucher is known as a "split tender transaction". Vendors are required to allow the split tender transaction.
- No cash back or gift cards are allowed. This includes any returns of defective food.
- Organic fresh fruits and veggies are allowed. These are the only organic foods allowed.
- Redeemed only at grocery stores, not farmers markets.
- Produce that is spoiled must be exchanged for other fruits and vegetables. If a bag of apples is
 exchanged for another bag of apples that is priced less, no cash back is given. If the bag of
 apples exchanged is more in price, the grocery should treat the WIC customer the same as other
 customers. The participant would pay the difference or the store may elect to make the
 exchange even.
- Vendor deposits a CVV the same as a WIC check.
- CVV is not eligible for override approval when the price exceeds the face value.
- Redemption rules are the same as for a WIC check:
 - Must have WIC ID.
 - Have valid date.
 - No alterations.
 - Must get the participant's signature.
 - Stamp with vendor stamp.

VENDOR AUTHORIZATION AND APPLICATION

Stores interested in being authorized as a WIC vendor must submit an application and a Food Price List to the state WIC office. Stores are selected for authorization based on selection criteria as required by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) under 7 CFR Part 246 of the Federal Register. WIC authorization is selective to aid in effectively managing the food delivery component of the Program. Submission of an application does not guarantee authorization to accept WIC checks.

The authorization process involves comparing the application to program requirements and will involve an on-site pre-authorization visit to verify prices, variety of formula, WIC food stock, other information on the application, and store operations. The authorization process is as follows:

- 1. Application by an unauthorized vendor
 - a. Apply at anytime
 - b. Separate applications have been developed for grocery stores and for pharmacies
 - c. Follow directions for completing the application form found at http://www.in.gov/isdh/24780.htm.
 - d. Submission of an application does not guarantee authorization
 - e. If the program determines there is adequate participant access and the store is not as qualified as authorized vendors serving the same area are, the application may be denied.
 - f. If the program determines that all selection criteria are met and there is inadequate participant access, the store will be authorized on a nine month conditional basis.
- 2. Application by a currently authorized vendor
 - a. Must reapply every three years during the "open season" as directed by the state WIC office.
 - Will be terminated if not compliant with WIC agreement or if they fail to continue to meet the current vendor selection criteria. Selection criteria may be re-evaluated at any time.
- 3. The selection criteria ensures adequate service for WIC participants and keeps the number of authorized vendors to a manageable level.
- 4. Authorization is nontransferable, if a vendor changes ownership, location, format, or ceases operation, its authorization to redeem checks ends. The Indiana WIC Program must be notified at least 15 days in advance if any of these changes occur.
- 5. Authorization can be terminated by the store or the state WIC Program by giving at least 15 days written notice to the other party.

VENDOR SELECTION CRITERIA

- 1. Evaluate application and food price list
 - a. Application and food price list must be accurate, complete, and received by the deadline during the "open season" in order to be considered.
 - b. Application and food price list from new vendors must be accurate and complete but have no deadline.
- 2. Applicant must be the best qualified based on the following selection criteria
 - a. There may be no conflict of interest between vendor and local or state WIC staff. Such conflict arises when a WIC employee; any member of his immediate family or a business partner has a financial interest in the applying store.
 - b. The store must be open for business
 - c. The applicant must own the store when they apply

- d. The store must have a fixed and permanent location, no delivery
- e. The store must participate in the SNAP Program and provide a SNAP number.
- f. None of the store's current owners, officers, or managers have been convicted of or had a civil judgment entered against them in the past 6 years for the following conduct demonstrating a lack of business integrity
 - i. Fraud
 - ii. Antitrust violation
 - iii. Embezzlement
- iv. Theft
- v. Receiving stolen property
- vi. Forgery
- vii. Bribery
- viii. Falsification or destruction of records
- ix. Making false statements or claims
- x. Obstruction of justice
- g. The previous owner must have a satisfactory compliance record with all USDA programs, if related in any way to the applicant
- h. The store serves an area lacking food, pharmacy, or both services
- WIC foods price comparison analysis will be done to evaluate relative cost of foods compared to stores serving the same area, and prices of all authorized foods are within15% of peer group
- j. Hours of operation to serve WIC participants relative to competing stores. Open a minimum of eight hours per day, six days per week, 48 hours per week.
- k. Vendor may not make offers of any kind or any value as an incentive to attract WIC customers unless the offers are also available to the general public.
- I. Meets minimum WIC foods and formula stocking requirements
- m. Selection of foods and formula kept in stock
- n. All WIC food prices are marked on or near the foods
- o. WIC foods on the shelves available for sale are within their fresh date
- p. Refrigeration and freezers compliant with ISDH standards
- g. Satisfactory past WIC and SNAP compliance record
- r. Minimum redemption of 40 WIC checks per month and 1% of the county's checks or 150 checks per month
- s. Pharmacy must provide infant formula and WIC eligible nutritionals within 2 business days of notice.
- t. Infant Formula and WIC eligible nutritionals must be purchased by vendor from an approved source. A list of approved sources is available at WWW.wic.in.gov.
- u. Satisfactory county health department sanitation report and history
- v. Adequate parking and parking lot lighting
- w. False information was not submitted on the application
- x. WIC sales must be less than 50% of total food sales. Failure to provide requested documentation to verify this shall result in denial of the application.
- y. Store management desires WIC authorization and cooperates during a preauthorization visit

3. Pre-authorization store visit

a. Stores meeting selection criteria will be visited unannounced by state or local WIC personnel to check all application, price list, and selection criteria information that is verifiable at the store

- b. If the store fails the preauthorization visit the applicant will be notified in writing
- c. A second visit will be made upon receipt of written notice that deficiencies have been corrected.
- d. Stores that fail a second visit must wait at least one year to reapply

4. Vendor Authorization

- a. Stores who pass the pre-authorization visit will be authorized as a WIC vendor.
- b. Store ownership or their designated person will sign a WIC agreement for an initial 9 month conditional period with the local WIC sponsoring agency.
- c. If, after 9 months, the store meets redemption standards and complies with WIC vendor agreement requirements, the agreement will be extended to the end of the current 3 year contracting period.
- 5. Vendors must continue to meet all selection criteria throughout the authorization period. The WIC Program may modify the selection criteria and may evaluate an authorized vendor's compliance with the selection criteria in effect at the time. Failure to meet selection criteria may result in termination.

If a store is not the best qualified or does not meet the selection criteria, that store will not be authorized. Approved vendors are required to attend vendor training and sign an agreement.

Existing vendors are required to submit a new application during each contracting season. The contracting season is established approximately six months prior to the expiration of the current agreement. New stores may also apply during this period and, if authorized, will be issued a conditional contract. All applications, both existing and new, received prior to the deadline established by the state WIC office will be considered for authorization. Authorization is based on the selection criteria and the need for additional vendors. Applications received outside the contracting season may be conditionally authorized if the state WIC office determines an additional need for a vendor in a WIC service area. If the minimum WIC redemption is met and all requirements are satisfactorily followed by a new vendor, the conditional agreement will be extended through the remainder of the agreement period.

Authorization is NONTRANSFERABLE. If a vendor changes ownership, location, format, or ceases operation, its authorization to participate in WIC ends and checks may no longer be accepted or redeemed.

A vendor is authorized for a specific time period and must reapply prior to the application deadline date to continue on the WIC program. The WIC program is not obligated to renew any vendor's authorization. Authorization to participate can be terminated by the vendor or the state WIC Program by giving at least 15 days written notice to the other party. Authorized vendors must notify the Indiana WIC Program at least 15 days in advance of change of ownership, location, format, or store closure, and within 48 hours of a flood, fire and any interruption of service.



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